



# APPENDIX 1

Supplementary Data Tables  
Trends in the Overall  
Health Care Market

Table 1.1: Total National Health Expenditures, 1980 – 2014<sup>(1)</sup>

Year	Total National Health Expenditures				Prescription Drugs Total	
	Total		Per Capita		Nominal Dollars (billions)	Real Dollars <sup>(2)</sup> (billions)
	Nominal Dollars (billions)	Real Dollars <sup>(2)</sup> (billions)	Nominal Dollars	Real Dollars <sup>(2)</sup>		
1980	\$255.3	\$255.3	\$1,110	\$1,110	\$12.0	\$12.0
1981	\$296.2	\$268.5	\$1,271	\$1,152	\$13.4	\$12.1
1982	\$334.0	\$285.2	\$1,421	\$1,214	\$15.0	\$12.8
1983	\$367.8	\$304.3	\$1,552	\$1,284	\$17.3	\$14.3
1984	\$405.0	\$321.2	\$1,695	\$1,344	\$19.6	\$15.6
1985	\$442.9	\$339.2	\$1,830	\$1,402	\$21.8	\$16.7
1986	\$474.7	\$356.9	\$1,945	\$1,463	\$24.3	\$18.3
1987	\$516.5	\$374.7	\$2,100	\$1,523	\$26.9	\$19.5
1988	\$579.3	\$403.5	\$2,336	\$1,627	\$30.6	\$21.3
1989	\$644.8	\$428.5	\$2,569	\$1,707	\$34.8	\$23.1
1990	\$721.4	\$454.8	\$2,840	\$1,791	\$40.3	\$25.4
1991	\$788.1	\$476.8	\$3,066	\$1,855	\$44.4	\$26.9
1992	\$854.1	\$501.6	\$3,285	\$1,929	\$47.0	\$27.6
1993	\$916.6	\$522.7	\$3,485	\$1,987	\$49.6	\$28.3
1994	\$967.2	\$537.8	\$3,636	\$2,022	\$53.0	\$29.5
1995	\$1,021.6	\$552.4	\$3,812	\$2,061	\$59.8	\$32.3
1996	\$1,074.4	\$564.3	\$3,965	\$2,082	\$68.1	\$35.8
1997	\$1,135.5	\$583.0	\$4,144	\$2,128	\$77.6	\$39.9
1998	\$1,202.0	\$607.6	\$4,339	\$2,194	\$88.5	\$44.7
1999	\$1,278.3	\$632.2	\$4,582	\$2,266	\$104.6	\$51.7
2000	\$1,369.7	\$655.4	\$4,857	\$2,324	\$121.0	\$57.9
2001	\$1,486.7	\$691.7	\$5,217	\$2,427	\$139.0	\$64.7
2002	\$1,629.2	\$746.2	\$5,677	\$2,600	\$157.9	\$72.3
2003	\$1,768.2	\$791.8	\$6,097	\$2,731	\$176.7	\$79.1
2004	\$1,896.5	\$827.3	\$6,473	\$2,823	\$192.8	\$84.1
2005	\$2,024.5	\$854.2	\$6,863	\$2,896	\$205.1	\$86.6
2006	\$2,157.0	\$881.6	\$7,238	\$2,958	\$224.1	\$91.6
2007	\$2,296.2	\$912.5	\$7,628	\$3,032	\$235.6	\$93.6
2008	\$2,402.6	\$919.5	\$7,903	\$3,025	\$241.4	\$92.4
2009	\$2,496.4	\$958.8	\$8,158	\$3,133	\$252.7	\$97.1
2010	\$2,595.7	\$980.9	\$8,400	\$3,174	\$253.0	\$95.6
2011	\$2,696.6	\$987.8	\$8,671	\$3,176	\$258.7	\$94.8
2012	\$2,799.0	\$1,004.5	\$8,914	\$3,199	\$259.1	\$93.0
2013	\$2,879.9	\$1,018.7	\$9,114	\$3,224	\$265.3	\$93.8
2014	\$3,031.3	\$1,055.1	\$9,532	\$3,318	\$297.7	\$103.6

Source: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary. Data released December 3, 2015.

<sup>(1)</sup> CMS completed a benchmark revision in 2009, introducing changes in methods, definitions and source data that are applied to the entire time series (back to 1960). For more information on this revision, see <http://www.cms.gov/nationalhealthexpenddata/downloads/benchmark2009.pdf>.

<sup>(2)</sup> Expressed in 1980 dollars; adjusted using the overall Consumer Price Index for Urban Consumers.

Data for Charts 1.1, 1.3 and 1.10



Table 1.2: Percent Change in National Expenditures for Selected Health Services and Supplies, 2004 – 2014<sup>(1)</sup>

Year	Hospital Care	Prescription Drugs	Admin. & Net Cost of Private Health Insurance	Home Health Care	Nursing Home Care
2004	7.5%	9.2%	7.2%	11.1%	5.2%
2005	7.6%	6.4%	6.4%	10.5%	6.3%
2006	7.0%	9.2%	9.8%	5.5%	4.3%
2007	6.3%	5.2%	4.0%	10.4%	8.1%
2008	5.2%	2.5%	-2.0%	8.4%	4.1%
2009	6.9%	4.7%	-1.0%	8.1%	4.1%
2010	5.1%	0.1%	9.5%	5.5%	2.9%
2011	4.3%	2.2%	5.0%	3.6%	4.2%
2012	5.8%	0.2%	2.7%	4.4%	1.0%
2013	3.5%	2.4%	5.8%	3.3%	1.3%
2014	4.1%	12.2%	12.1%	4.8%	3.6%

Source: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary. Data released December 3, 2015.

<sup>(1)</sup> CMS completed a benchmark revision in 2009, introducing changes in methods, definitions and source data that are applied to the entire time series (back to 1960). For more information on this revision, see <http://www.cms.gov/nationalhealthexpenddata/downloads/benchmark2009.pdf>.

Data for Chart 1.7

Table 1.3: National Health Expenditures,<sup>(1)</sup> 1980 – 2024<sup>(2)</sup>

Year	Expenditures (billions)
1980	\$255.8
1990	\$724.3
2000	\$1,378.0
2001	\$1,494.6
2002	\$1,638.1
2003	\$1,778.3
2004	\$1,905.7
2005	\$2,034.8
2006	\$2,167.2
2007	\$2,303.9
2008	\$2,414.1
2009	\$2,505.8
2010	\$2,604.1
2011	\$2,705.3
2012	\$2,817.3
2013	\$2,919.1
2014	\$3,080.1
2015	\$3,243.5
2016	\$3,402.6
2017	\$3,586.6
2018	\$3,785.5
2019	\$4,020.0
2020	\$4,273.8
2021	\$4,542.5
2022	\$4,825.4
2023	\$5,119.4
2024	\$5,425.1

Source: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary. Data released September 2015.

<sup>(1)</sup> Years 2014 – 2023 are projections.

<sup>(2)</sup> CMS completed a benchmark revision in 2009, introducing changes in methods, definitions and source data that are applied to the entire time series (back to 1960). For more information on this revision, see <http://www.cms.gov/nationalhealthexpenddata/downloads/benchmark2009.pdf>.

Data for Chart 1.8



Table 1.4: Consumer Out-of-pocket Payments for National Health Expenditures, 1994 – 2014<sup>(1)</sup>

Year	Payment (billions)
1994	\$142.0
1995	\$144.8
1996	\$150.4
1997	\$161.4
1998	\$176.9
1999	\$187.7
2000	\$199.0
2001	\$206.3
2002	\$219.3
2003	\$235.7
2004	\$248.7
2005	\$264.1
2006	\$273.7
2007	\$290.6
2008	\$295.8
2009	\$294.6
2010	\$299.5
2011	\$309.7
2012	\$318.7
2013	\$325.5
2014	\$329.8

Source: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary. Data released December 3, 2015.

<sup>(1)</sup> CMS completed a benchmark revision in 2009, introducing changes in methods, definitions and source data that are applied to the entire time series (back to 1960). For more information on this revision, see <http://www.cms.gov/nationalhealthexpenddata/downloads/benchmark2009.pdf>.

Data for Chart 1.9



Table 1.5: Growth in Total Prescription Drug Spending as a Percentage of Total Growth in National Health Expenditures, 1994 – 2014<sup>(1)</sup>

Year	Percentage
1994	6.85%
1995	12.40%
1996	15.76%
1997	15.63%
1998	16.35%
1999	21.05%
2000	18.01%
2001	15.35%
2002	13.28%
2003	13.48%
2004	12.60%
2005	9.62%
2006	14.30%
2007	8.30%
2008	5.45%
2009	12.02%
2010	0.33%
2011	5.62%
2012	0.40%
2013	7.60%
2014	21.42%

Source: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary. Data released December 3, 2015.

<sup>(1)</sup> CMS completed a benchmark revision in 2009, introducing changes in methods, definitions and source data that are applied to the entire time series (back to 1960). For more information on this revision, see <http://www.cms.gov/nationalhealthexpenddata/downloads/benchmark2009.pdf>.

Data for Chart 1.11





Table 1.6: Consumer Out-of-pocket Spending vs. Private Health Insurance Spending for Prescription Drugs, 1994 – 2014<sup>(1)</sup>

Year	Out-of-pocket Payment (billions)	Private Health Insurance (billions)
1994	\$23.176	\$19.209
1995	\$23.201	\$24.481
1996	\$24.241	\$30.114
1997	\$25.709	\$36.210
1998	\$27.519	\$42.647
1999	\$30.481	\$52.074
2000	\$33.648	\$61.108
2001	\$36.350	\$71.157
2002	\$40.807	\$79.754
2003	\$45.466	\$87.009
2004	\$48.145	\$95.103
2005	\$51.326	\$102.106
2006	\$51.213	\$101.960
2007	\$52.160	\$106.857
2008	\$49.621	\$109.705
2009	\$49.060	\$116.136
2010	\$45.251	\$116.128
2011	\$45.452	\$117.160
2012	\$45.221	\$113.285
2013	\$43.547	\$114.379
2014	\$44.722	\$127.288

Source: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary. Data released December 3, 2015.

<sup>(1)</sup> CMS completed a benchmark revision in 2009, introducing changes in methods, definitions and source data that are applied to the entire time series (back to 1960). For more information on this revision, see <http://www.cms.gov/nationalhealthexpenddata/downloads/benchmark2009.pdf>.

Data for Chart 1.12



Table 1.7: Number and Percent Uninsured, 1994 – 2014

Year	Number (millions)	Percent
1994	39.7	15.2%
1995	40.6	15.4%
1996	41.7	15.6%
1997	43.4	16.1%
1998	44.3	16.3%
1999	40.2	14.5%
2000	39.8	14.2%
2001	41.2	14.6%
2002	43.6	15.2%
2003	45.0	15.6%
2004	43.5	14.9%
2005	44.8	15.3%
2006	47.0	15.8%
2007	45.7	15.3%
2008	46.3	15.4%
2009	49.0	16.7%
2010	49.9	16.3%
2011	48.6	15.7%
2012	48.0	15.4%
2013	41.8	13.3%
2014	33.0	10.4%

Source: US Census Bureau, Health Insurance Coverage in the United States: 2014. Data released September 2015. Figure 1. Uninsured Rate: 2008 to 2014.  
<https://www.census.gov/content/dam/Census/library/publications/2015/demo/p60-253.pdf>.

Data for Chart 1.15





Table 1.8: Average Percent Uninsured by State, 2013 – 2014

State	Average Percent Uninsured	State	Average Percent Uninsured
Alabama	12.9	Montana	15.3
Alaska	17.8	Nebraska	10.5
Arizona	15.4	Nevada	17.9
Arkansas	13.9	New Hampshire	9.9
California	14.8	New Jersey	12.1
Colorado	12.2	New Mexico	16.6
Connecticut	8.2	New York	9.7
Delaware	8.5	North Carolina	14.4
District of Columbia	5.9	North Dakota	9.1
Florida	18.3	Ohio	9.7
Georgia	17.3	Oklahoma	16.5
Hawaii	6.0	Oregon	12.2
Idaho	14.9	Pennsylvania	9.1
Illinois	11.2	Rhode Island	9.5
Indiana	12.9	South Carolina	14.7
Iowa	7.2	South Dakota	10.5
Kansas	11.2	Tennessee	12.9
Kentucky	11.4	Texas	20.6
Louisiana	15.7	Utah	13.3
Maine	10.7	Vermont	6.1
Maryland	9.0	Virginia	11.6
Massachusetts	3.5	Washington	11.6
Michigan	9.7	West Virginia	11.3
Minnesota	7.0	Wisconsin	8.2
Mississippi	15.8	Wyoming	12.7
Missouri	12.3		

Source: US Census Bureau, Health Insurance in the United States: 2014. Data released September 2015.

Link: <https://www.census.gov/content/dam/Census/library/publications/2015/demo/p60-253.pdf>.

Data for Chart 1.16

Table 1.9: Medicaid Enrollees,<sup>(1)</sup> 1990, 1995, 2000 – 2016

Year	Aged (millions)	Blind/ Disabled (millions)	Children (millions)	Adults (millions)	Other Title XIX <sup>(2)</sup> (millions)	Total <sup>(4)</sup> (millions)
1990	3.2	3.7	11.2	6.0	1.1	24.1
1995	4.2	6.0	17.6	7.8	0.6	35.6
2000	4.6	7.5	22.0	10.4		44.5
2001	4.8	8.0	23.7	12.0		48.5
2002	4.5	7.9	25.5	12.9		50.8
2003	4.8	8.3	25.3	14.0		52.4
2004	5.1	8.9	27.8	15.4		57.2
2005	5.4	9.4	28.3	15.5		58.6
2006	5.5	9.8	29.5	16.0		60.8
2007	5.6	9.6	29.5	15.7		60.4
2008	5.6	9.6	30.6	16.3		62.1
2009	5.8	10.0	34.4	17.4		67.6
2010	5.5	10.4	33.5	18.3		67.7
2011	5.0	11.0	33.0	18.0		67.0
2012	6.0	11.0	34.0	20.0		71.0
2013	6.0	11.0	34.0	21.0		72.0
2014 <sup>(3)</sup>	6.3	11.3	38.8	23.8		80.0
2015	7.7	12.8	42.1	34.5		97.0
2016	7.6	12.7	42.0	35.6		98.0

Source: Congressional Budget Office. Data released March 2016. Detail of Spending and Enrollment for CBO's March 2016 Baseline: Medicaid. Link: <https://www.cbo.gov/sites/default/files/51301-2016-03-Medicaid.pdf>.

(1) Does not include CHIP enrollees.

(2) In 1997, the Other Title XIX category was dropped and the enrollees therein were subsumed in the remaining categories. Other Title XIX enrollees referred to others who received Medicaid benefits.

(3) For 2014 onward, CBO changed from reporting annual enrollment to average monthly enrollment. Therefore, category values are derived from the total ever enrolled.

(4) Parts may not sum to total due to rounding.

Data for Chart 1.18



Table 1.10: Percent Change in CHIP Enrollment by State, FY 2013 – FY 2014

State	Percent Change FY 13 - FY 14	State	Percent Change FY 13 - FY 14
Alabama	-7.0%	Montana	11.2%
Alaska	-41.7%	Nebraska	1.2%
Arizona	-32.3%	Nevada	60.2%
Arkansas	-8.4%	New Hampshire	-10.2%
California	-2.0%	New Jersey	2.2%
Colorado	38.8%	New Mexico	71.2%
Connecticut	4.9%	New York	-10.0%
Delaware	41.5%	North Carolina	-9.2%
District of Columbia	-21.8%	North Dakota	-55.4%
Florida	-10.4%	Ohio	-29.8%
Georgia	-14.3%	Oklahoma	11.4%
Hawaii	-1.5%	Oregon	-14.8%
Idaho	-1.1%	Pennsylvania	-3.2%
Illinois	-3.6%	Rhode Island	-16.7%
Indiana	0.7%	South Carolina	4.7%
Iowa	-0.3%	South Dakota	-10.0%
Kansas	-3.4%	Tennessee	6.0%
Kentucky	-26.9%	Texas	0.7%
Louisiana	-9.1%	Utah	21.5%
Maine	-7.6%	Vermont	-19.5%
Maryland	1.3%	Virginia	-5.3%
Massachusetts	-15.0%	Washington	-3.3%
Michigan	16.1%	West Virginia	10.2%
Minnesota	-6.4%	Wisconsin	4.5%
Mississippi	-13.5%	Wyoming	3.2%
Missouri	-6.6%		

Source: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. Data released July 2015. Number of Children Ever Enrolled by Program Type. Link: <http://www.medicaid.gov/chip/downloads/fy-2014-childrens-enrollment-report.pdf>.

Data for Chart 1.20



Table 1.11: Percentage of Employees with Employer-based Coverage Who Can Choose Conventional, PPO, HMO, POS, and HDHP/SO Plans, 1988 – 2015

	1988	1996	1999	2002	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
<b>Conventional<sup>(1)</sup></b>	90%	52%	26%	14%	10%	10%	8%	5%	6%	7%	4%	4%	3%	2%
<b>PPO</b>	18%	45%	62%	74%	79%	79%	77%	80%	79%	76%	75%	76%	77%	72%
<b>HMO</b>	46%	64%	56%	50%	43%	42%	41%	44%	42%	39%	37%	34%	31%	32%
<b>POS<sup>(2)</sup></b>		30%	45%	34%	23%	21%	24%	19%	14%	16%	14%	13%	13%	16%
<b>HDHP/SO<sup>(3)</sup></b>					14%	18%	25%	28%	32%	40%	39%	43%	45%	51%

Source: The Kaiser Family Foundation and Health Research and Educational Trust. Data released 2015. Employer Health Benefits: 1999, 2002, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014 and 2015. Link: <http://kff.org/report-section/ehbs-2015-section-four-types-of-plans-offered/>. KPMG Survey of Employer-Sponsored Health Benefits: 1988, 1996.

HMO: Health Maintenance Organization; PPO: Preferred Provider Organization.

(1) Conventional plans refer to traditional indemnity plans.

(2) Point-of-service plans not separately identified in 1988.

(3) In 2006, the survey began asking about HDHP/SO, high deductible health plans with a savings option.

Data for Chart 1.21

Table 1.12: Percent Distribution of Employer-sponsored Health Insurance Enrollment by Type of Plan, 1988 – 2015

	1988	1996	1999	2002	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
<b>Conventional<sup>(1)</sup></b>	73%	27%	10%	4%	3%	3%	2%	1%	1%	1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	1%
<b>PPO</b>	11%	28%	39%	52%	60%	57%	58%	60%	58%	55%	56%	57%	58%	52%
<b>HMO</b>	16%	31%	28%	27%	20%	21%	20%	20%	19%	17%	16%	14%	13%	14%
<b>POS<sup>(2)</sup></b>		14%	24%	18%	13%	13%	12%	10%	8%	10%	9%	9%	8%	10%
<b>HDHP/SO<sup>(3)</sup></b>					4%	5%	8%	8%	13%	17%	19%	20%	20%	24%

Source: The Kaiser Family Foundation and Health Research and Educational Trust. Data released 2014. Employer Health Benefits: 1999, 2002, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014 and 2015. Link: <http://kff.org/report-section/ehbs-2015-section-five-market-shares-of-health-plans/>. KPMG Survey of Employer-Sponsored Health Benefits: 1988, 1996.

(1) Conventional plans refer to traditional indemnity plans.

(2) Point-of-service plans not separately identified in 1988.

(3) In 2006, the survey began asking about HDHP/SO, high-deductible health plans with a savings option.

(4) Totals may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding.

Data for Chart 1.22



Table 1.13: Growth in Medicare Spending per Beneficiary vs. Private Health Insurance Spending per Enrollee, 1994 – 2014<sup>(1,2,3)</sup>

Year	Growth in Medicare Spending per Beneficiary	Growth in Private Health Insurance Spending per Enrollee
1994	7.6%	1.7%
1995	7.2%	1.6%
1996	4.6%	1.6%
1997	4.2%	3.3%
1998	0.3%	4.8%
1999	2.8%	4.4%
2000	3.2%	6.1%
2001	8.4%	8.8%
2002	5.4%	9.3%
2003	4.9%	9.8%
2004	6.7%	8.1%
2005	5.8%	6.7%
2006	3.5%	6.4%
2007	2.6%	5.2%
2008	4.6%	6.3%
2009	3.2%	7.3%
2010	0.3%	4.9%
2011	1.4%	4.6%
2012	0.3%	5.5%
2013	-0.6%	2.9%
2014 <sup>3</sup>	1.7%	0.1%

Source: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary. Data released December 3, 2014.

<sup>(1)</sup> CMS completed a benchmark revision in 2009, introducing changes in methods, definitions and source data that are applied to the entire time series (back to 1960). For more information on this revision, see <http://www.cms.gov/nationalhealthexpenddata/downloads/benchmark2009.pdf>.

<sup>(2)</sup> Data reflects spending on benefits commonly covered by Medicare and Private Health Insurance.

<sup>(3)</sup> CMS no longer includes the National Health Expenditure (NHE) table used to calculate growth in Medicare spending from 1994-2013. Data for 2014 reflects calculations using current NHE tables as recommended by CMS in email correspondence.



Table 1.14: Percentage of Medicaid Beneficiaries Enrolled in Medicaid Managed Care by State, 2011 and 2013

State	% Enrolled		State	% Enrolled	
	11	13		11	13
Alabama	61.1%	59.5%	Montana	76.1%	65.5%
Alaska	0.0%	0.0%	Nebraska	85.1%	75.7%
Arizona	88.7%	84.4%	Nevada	83.6%	54.9%
Arkansas	78.4%	77.7%	New Hampshire	0.0%	0.0%
California	60.1%	67.4%	New Jersey	77.7%	87.9%
Colorado	94.6%	95.3%	New Mexico	72.8%	74.5%
Connecticut	68.6%	0.00%	New York	76.7%	75.5%
Delaware	80.5%	84.4%	North Carolina	83.2%	76.1%
District of Columbia	67.4%	67.7%	North Dakota	63.6%	55.7%
Florida	63.8%	62.8%	Ohio	75.4%	69.8%
Georgia	91.3%	65.4%	Oklahoma	86.5%	73.4%
Hawaii	98.7%	98.7%	Oregon	98.2%	90.2%
Idaho	100.0%	94.6%	Pennsylvania	81.5%	54.0%
Illinois	67.8%	70.5%	Rhode Island	68.6%	74.9%
Indiana	70.3%	68.0%	South Carolina	100.0%	63.8%
Iowa	91.1%	82.2%	South Dakota	75.8%	74.8%
Kansas	87.4%	82.5%	Tennessee	100.0%	100.0%
Kentucky	89.4%	84.6%	Texas	70.7%	77.3%
Louisiana	65.3%	87.6%	Utah	99.8%	98.5%
Maine	49.3%	61.5%	Vermont	58.5%	56.5%
Maryland	74.6%	79.4%	Virginia	58.2%	67.8%
Massachusetts	53.1%	64.1%	Washington	88.1%	67.3%
Michigan	88.4%	71.1%	West Virginia	51.0%	52.8%
Minnesota	65.7%	70.2%	Wisconsin	63.7%	62.8%
Mississippi	87.2%	77.5%	Wyoming	0.0%	0.0%
Missouri	97.7%	97.2%	<b>Nation</b>	<b>74.2%</b>	<b>71.7%</b>

Sources: 1. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary. Medicaid Managed Care Enrollment Report as of June 30, 2010 and July 1, 2013. Link: <https://www.medicaid.gov/medicaid-chip-program-information/by-topics/data-and-systems/medicaid-managed-care/medicaid-managed-care-enrollment-report.html>. 2. The Kaiser Family Foundation. State Health Facts. Total Medicaid Managed Care Enrollment. Link: <http://kff.org/medicaid/state-indicator/total-medicaid-mc-enrollment/>.

Data for Chart 1.26



Table 1.15: Operating Margins of the Top Insurers, 2013 – 2015

	2013	2014	2015
<b>Aetna</b>	6.7%	7.3%	8.1%
<b>Anthem<sup>(1)</sup></b>	8.0%	5.9%	5.9%
<b>United HealthCare</b>	7.9%	7.9%	7.0%
<b>Cigna</b>	6.7%	9.5%	8.8%
<b>Humana</b>	5.0%	4.5%	4.5%

Source: YCharts data used for 2014 and 2015. Data from FactSet Research Systems Inc. used in 2012, 2013, and earlier years' Chartbooks.

<sup>(1)</sup> Wellpoint in 2014 and earlier years' Chartbooks. In December 2014, Wellpoint changed its name to Anthem.

Data for Chart 1.31



