



TrickBot, Ryuk, and the HPH Sector 11/12/2020

Report #: 202011121030



- Who or What is WIZARD SPIDER?
- What is TrickBot?
- What Connects TrickBot and Ryuk?
- What is Ryuk?
- The Future of TrickBot and Ryuk
- Fall 2020 Action Against TrickBot
- Incident Example: Major US Hospital Network
- Incident Example: Ongoing Ransomware Attack Against US Healthcare and Public Health (HPH) Sector
- Danger to the HPH Sector
- Mitigations
- References

Slides Key:



Non-Technical: Managerial, strategic and highlevel (general audience)



Technical: Tactical / IOCs; requiring in-depth knowledge (sysadmins, IRT)





- Alleged to be affiliated with Russian cybercrime rings
- Affiliated with GRIM SPIDER, LUNAR SPIDER, and MUMMY SPIDER
- Some members were part of the group that operated the banking Trojan malware Dyre (Dyreza)
- Dyreza ceased operating in November 2015 after Russian law enforcement raided the entertainment company believed to be behind it
- Toolset covers the entire attack chain and frequently uses the combination of Emotet > TrickBot > Ryuk



Source: CrowdStrike

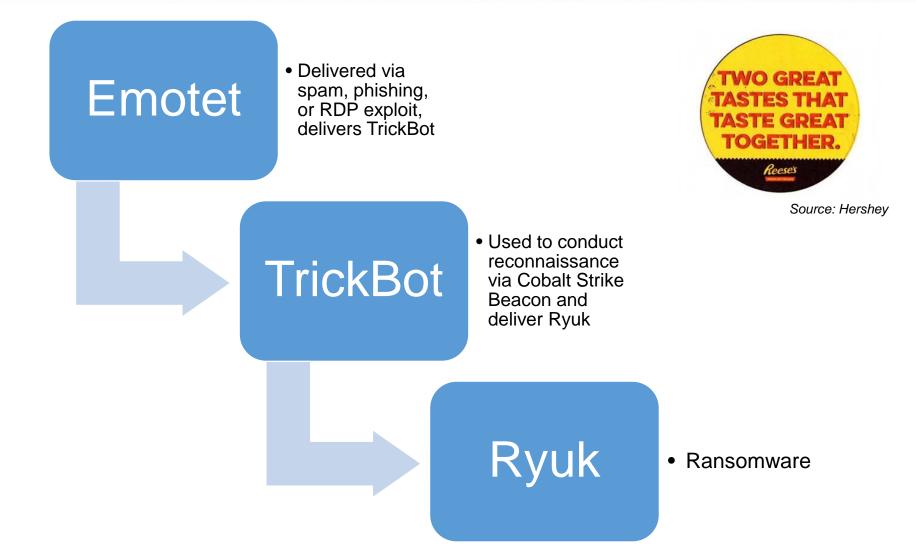




- Why does the HPH sector care about a banking Trojan?
- At this point, TrickBot is a "fully-fledged information stealer, as well as providing backdoor access to infected machines, enabling cyber criminal groups to use it as gateway for delivering other malware onto already compromised networks" and can act as a botnet
- Uses EternalBlue to move laterally around a network (despite EternalBlue being over 3 years old)
- Run from memory to leave no trace behind
- TrickBot uses standard attack vectors for infection:
 - Malvertising The use of advertising legitimate or fake to surreptitiously deliver TrickBot to victim system
 - SpearPhishing E-mails with malicious links or attachments that specifically target organizational leadership
 - Network vulnerabilities SMB (Server Message Block) and RDP (Remote Desktop Protocol) are common
 - Secondary payload Sometimes dropped by other malware (second stage), often Emotet
- Nothing TrickBot does is unique, but its aggregate capabilities and modular flexibility make it a powerful tool





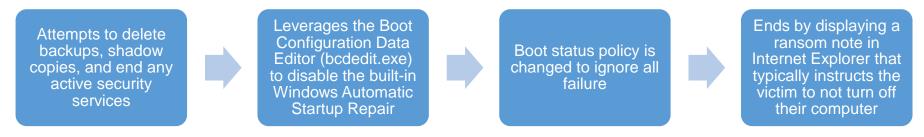


- A form of ransomware and a common payload for banking Trojans (like TrickBot)
- Originally based on Hermes(e) 2.1 malware but mutated since then
- Ryuk actors use commercial "off-the-shelf" products to navigate victim networks
 - Cobalt Strike, Powershell Empire

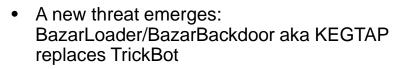
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- Exploits trusted Windows processes to inject malicious logic to evade detection
- Early versions would sometimes also encrypt key Windows processes, "bricking" the machine
- Research from SonicWall claims that Ryuk now represents a third of all ransomware attacks so far in 2020
- In March 2020, WIZARD SPIDER ceased deploying Ryuk and switched to using Conti ransomware, then
 resumed using Ryuk in mid-September
- US Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) has estimated that victims have paid over USD \$61 million to recover files encrypted by Ryuk



- File names RyukReadMe.html or RyukReadMe.txt, contains email addresses to contact for ransom payment
- No ransomware site



- Security researchers at Red Canary have identified a new attack pattern
 - BazarLoader > Cobalt Strike > Ryuk
- BazarLoader uses business-themed emails containing a link to a Google Docs file
- BazarLoader's backdoor component is capable of executing arbitrary payloads, batch and PowerShell scripts, exfiltrating files from a victim, and terminating running processes
- Unlikely that WIZARD SPIDER will completely abandon TrickBot





- Undertaken to preserve US election integrity, among other benefits
- Led by Microsoft
- Used a "persistent and layered approach" to thwart TrickBot operators' attempts to establish new C2 servers
- Ultimately only partially successful:
 - "The botnet's operators have all the IT support of legitimate enterprises — continuity planning, backups, automated deployment, and a dedicated workforce — that allow them to quickly react to disruptive measures." – Microsoft
- "Technical takedowns are neither a sufficient nor an efficient solution." Intel471
- "Strategies to shutdown Trickbot for good would need to include arrests, financial asset seizures — of cryptocurrency wallets, for example — coordinated and global infrastructure takedowns, and potentially even offensive action against Trickbot infrastructure [that] isn't able to be taken down." – Intel471

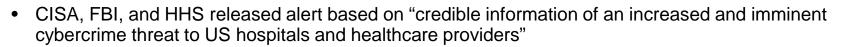




- Network of over 400 hospitals in the US and UK
- All 250 facilities in the US were affected in one of the largest medical cyberattacks in history
 - Did not affect UK facilities
- Attack began around 2AM Sunday, September 27, 2020. First news of compromise appeared on Reddit
 - Employees confirmed that files were being encrypted with the .Ryuk extension, indicating Ryuk
 - "Once on an infected host, [Ryuk] can pull passwords out of memory and then laterally moves through open shares, infecting documents and compromised accounts" – Ordr
 - Phones and medical IoT were also affected
 - Some facilities were forced to return to pen-and-paper documentation, although no loss of life was reported
- Company confirmed three weeks later that all systems were back
 online
 - Victim organization claims "no indication that any patient or employee data had been accessed, copied or misused"
 - Unclear how much the hackers demanded in ransom, nor whether the health system paid the demand

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- Multiple confirmed hits across the US, including in:
 - California
 - Minnesota
 - Oregon
 - New York
- A doctor at an affected facility told Reuters that the "facility was functioning on paper after an attack and unable to transfer patients because the nearest alternative was an hour away."
- Deemed "a coordinated attack designed to disrupt hospitals specifically all around the country."
- "While multiple ransomware attacks against healthcare providers each week have been commonplace, this
 is the first time we have seen six hospitals targeted in the same day by the same ransomware actor." –
 Recorded Future
- Based on early alert, hospitals took strong measures to minimize Ryuk exposure
- "Hundreds" of hospitals have not been targeted...yet



- High stakes: threat actors know the costs of a ransomware or malware attack to a hospital's operations
 - Research by Coveware claims "ransomware attacks spur 15 days of EHR downtime, on average"
- Example: September 2020 ransomware attack on Dusseldorf University Hospital
 - Widely considered to be first death directly attributable to ransomware
 - Hospital likely not the intended target, but incident was unable to be resolved in time to prevent loss
 of life
- Valuable data: medical data is easy to sell and commands a high price
 - Organizations engaged in coronavirus response may have information related to vaccine research or other intellectual property





From CISA's Alert (AA20-302A) on Ransomware Activity Targeting the Healthcare and Public Health Sector

- Patch operating systems, software, and firmware as soon as manufacturers release updates.
- Check configurations for every operating system version for HPH organization-owned assets to prevent issues from arising that local users are unable to fix due to having local administration disabled.
- Regularly change passwords to network systems and accounts and avoid reusing passwords for different accounts.
- Use multi-factor authentication where possible.
- Disable unused remote access/Remote Desktop Protocol (RDP) ports and monitor remote access/RDP logs.
- Implement application and remote access allow listing to only allow systems to execute programs known
 and permitted by the established security policy.
- Audit user accounts with administrative privileges and configure access controls with least privilege in mind.
- Audit logs to ensure new accounts are legitimate.
- Scan for open or listening ports and mediate those that are not needed.
- Identify critical assets such as patient database servers, medical records, and teleheath and telework
 infrastructure; create backups of these systems and house the backups offline from the network.
- Implement network segmentation. Sensitive data should not reside on the same server and network segment as the email environment.
- Set antivirus and anti-malware solutions to automatically update; conduct regular scans.



- Regularly back up data, air gap, and password protect backup copies offline.
- Implement a recovery plan to maintain and retain multiple copies of sensitive or proprietary data and servers in a physically separate, secure location.
- Focus on end user awareness and training about ransomware and phishing.
- Ensure that employees know who to contact when they see suspicious activity or when they believe they have been a victim of a cyberattack. This will ensure that the proper established mitigation strategy can be employed quickly and efficiently.

Additional best practices and next steps can be found at CISA's Alert (AA20-302A) on Ransomware Activity Targeting the Healthcare and Public Health Sector

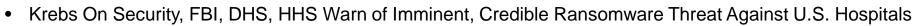
Recent IOCs, including IP addresses, domains, and SHA-256, were released by RiskIQ and can be found on their website under **Ryuk Ransomware: Extensive Attack Infrastructure Revealed** (included in the references)





References

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- SW News Media, 'Unusual network activity' at Ridgeview Medical Center
 - <u>https://www.swnewsmedia.com/chanhassen_villager/news/local/unusual-network-activity-at-ridgeview-medical-center/article_5fc12f6e-c320-59d4-9ad4-24f5cb985a36.html</u>
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 - https://www.infosecurity-magazine.com/news/red-alert-us-hospitals-flooded
- Reuters, Building wave of ransomware attacks strike U.S. hospitals

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- <u>https://www.reuters.com/article/uk-usa-healthcare-cyber/fbi-probes-string-of-recent-ransomware-attacks-on-u-s-hospitals-idUKKBN27D36P</u>
- Security Week, German Hospital Hacked, Patient Taken to Another City Dies

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<u>https://www.securityweek.com/german-hospital-hacked-patient-taken-another-city-dies</u>

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Upcoming Briefs

- Chinese State-Sponsored Cyber Activity (11/19)
- Disinformation and the Healthcare Sector (12/3)

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